

Independent Auditor's Report and Audited Financial Statements of  
VIP Accessories BD Private Limited  
As at and for the year ended 31 March 2024

Submitted By-  
Howladar Yunus & Co.  
Chartered Accountants

06 May 2024

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**Independent Auditor's Report  
To the Shareholders of VIP Accessories BD Private Limited  
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

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## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of VIP Accessories BD Private Limited [the “Company”], which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), the Companies Act 1994, and other applicable laws and regulations.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing [ISAs]. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants [IESBA Code] together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Bangladesh, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs, the Companies Act 1994, and other applicable laws and regulations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern

and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.

However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In accordance with the Companies Act 1994, we also report the following:

- a] we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- b] in our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examination of those books; and
- c] the statements of financial position, and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of account.



Muhammad Farooq FCA

Managing Partner, Enrolment No.: 0521

Howladar Yunus & Co., Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: [N/A]

DVC No.: 2405060521AS803079

Dated: Dhaka

06 May 2024

**VIP Accessories BD Private Limited**  
**Statement of Financial Position**  
**As at 31 March 2024**

	Note	Amount in Taka	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment:	4	50,416,584	53,602,142
Capital work in progress		4,541,791	-
Right of use asset	5	5,842,297	6,051,879
Long term advances and deposits	6	6,265,272	5,373,823
<b>Non Current assets</b>		<b>67,065,944</b>	<b>65,027,844</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Advance Income Tax	7	9,559,538	3,453,377
Inventories	8	36,343,353	35,503,546
Trade receivables	9	165,839,429	83,586,948
Short term advances and prepayments	10	6,508,611	11,439,553
Cash and bank balances	11	2,193,284	1,710,311
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>220,444,215</b>	<b>135,693,736</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>287,510,159</b>	<b>200,721,580</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>			
Share capital	12	115,850	115,850
Retained earnings	13	117,612,444	38,547,193
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>117,728,294</b>	<b>38,663,043</b>
<b>Non Current Liabilities</b>			
Convertible preference shares	14	16,750,000	16,750,000
Lease liability	15	5,265,370	5,318,727
Deferred Tax Liability	16	131,931	572,438
		<b>22,147,301</b>	<b>22,641,165</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Lease liability	17	468,456	468,456
Short Term Loan	18	102,321,619	58,142,701
Trade payables	19	12,517,050	43,025,371
Other payable	20	16,307,392	34,724,887
Current tax Liability	21	16,020,047	3,055,957
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>147,634,564</b>	<b>139,417,372</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>169,781,865</b>	<b>162,058,537</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<b>287,510,159</b>	<b>200,721,580</b>

The Annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements



Director



Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date



Muhammad Farooq FCA  
 Managing Partner, Enrolment No.: 0521  
 Howladar Yunus & Co., Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration Number: [N/A]  
 DVC No.: 2405060521AS803079

Dated: Dhaka  
 06 May 2024

VIP Accessories BD Private Limited  
Statement of Profit Loss and Other Comprehensive Income  
For the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	Amount in Taka	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Revenue		374,687,472	348,588,522
Cost of revenue	22	(266,801,051)	(297,049,838)
<b>Gross Profit</b>		<b>107,886,422</b>	<b>51,538,683</b>
Administrative expenses	23	6,947,492	6,698,746
Selling and distribution expenses	24	3,960,988	3,701,354
Interest on finance lease	25	457,639	461,729
Finance cost	26	9,101,290	7,085,052
		<b>20,467,409</b>	<b>17,946,881</b>
<b>Profit/(Loss)from operations</b>		<b>87,419,012</b>	<b>33,591,802</b>
Other Income	27	3,856,011	(1,144,606)
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) Before Tax</b>		<b>91,275,024</b>	<b>32,447,196</b>
<b>Tax Expenses :</b>			
Current Tax		13,020,293	2,959,432
Deferred tax expense		(440,507)	572,438
<b>Net Profit/(Loss)</b>		<b>78,695,238</b>	<b>28,915,326</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
-Remeasurement benefit of defined benefit plans		429,000	702,000
-Income tax relating to above items		(58,988)	(96,525)
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>370,013</b>	<b>605,475</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<b>79,065,251</b>	<b>29,520,801</b>

The Annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements



Director



Director

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date



Muhammad Farooq FCA

Managing Partner, Enrolment No.: 0521

Howladar Yunus & Co., Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: [N/A]

DVC No.: 2405060521AS803079

Dated: Dhaka

06 May 2024

VIP Accessories BD Private Limited  
Statement of Changes in Equity  
For the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Share Capital	Share Application Money	Retained Earnings	Total Taka
<b>Balance as on April 1, 2023</b>	115,850	-	38,547,193	38,663,043
Net profit for the year	-	-	78,695,238	78,695,238
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	370,013	370,013
Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as on March 31, 2024</b>	<b>115,850</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>117,612,444</b>	<b>117,728,294</b>

VIP Accessories BD Private Limited  
Statement of Changes in Equity  
For the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Share Capital	Share Application Money	Retained Earnings	Total Taka
<b>Balance as on April 1, 2022</b>	115,850	-	55,366,392	55,482,242
Net profit for the year	-	-	28,915,326	28,915,326
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	605,475	605,475
Dividend Paid	-	-	46,340,000	46,340,000
<b>Balance as on March 31, 2023</b>	<b>115,850</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>38,547,193</b>	<b>38,663,043</b>

  
Director

  
Director



**VIP Accessories BD Private Limited**  
**Statement of Cash Flow**  
**As at 31 March 2024**

	Amount in Taka	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>A. Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Cash received from customer	292,434,992	352,496,251
Cash paid to suppliers & Operating Expenses	(297,359,685)	(285,852,821)
Finance Cost	(9,101,290)	(7,085,052)
Other Income	3,856,011	(1,144,606)
<b>Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>	<b>(10,169,972)</b>	<b>58,413,772</b>
<b>B. Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(9,015,974)	(34,522,055)
<b>Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>	<b>(9,015,974)</b>	<b>(34,522,055)</b>
<b>C. Financing Activities</b>		
Increase/(Decrease) in Equity share application money	-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Convertible Preference Shares application money	-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in (Convertible Preference Shares)	-	-
Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(23,170,000)	(23,170,000)
Payment of Convertible Preference Dividend	(1,340,000)	(1,340,000)
Increase/Decrease In Short term loan	44,178,918	1,768,629
<b>Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>	<b>19,668,918</b>	<b>(22,741,371)</b>
<b>D. Net Cash Flows from Total Activities</b>	<b>482,973</b>	<b>1,150,345</b>
<b>E. Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>1,710,311</b>	<b>559,966</b>
<b>F. Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>2,193,284</b>	<b>1,710,311</b>
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents :</b>		
Cash at Bank	2,188,404	1,667,758
Cash in Hand	4,880	42,553
	<b>2,193,284</b>	<b>1,710,311</b>

The Annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements

  
**Director**

  
**Director**

**VIP Accessories BD Private Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended 31 March 2024**

**1.00 Reporting entity**

VIP Accessories BD Private Limited is a Private Company limited by Shares incorporated on 5 The day of August, 2018 under the Companies Act, 1994 as adopted in Bangladesh.

The factory of the company is located in MS SFB#03, Goround &1st Floor, East Wings , Mongla Export Processing Zone, Mongla, Bagerhat - 9351. The company commenced its commercial production on 16 th January, 2019.

**1.01 Registered Office**

The address of the Company's registered office is MS Plot No # 09-10, Mongla export processing zone, Mongla,Bagerhat-9351, Bangladesh.

**1.02 Nature of business**

To carry on the business or businesses of manufacture accessories and packing material like cartons, cardboards, wire etc

**2.00 Basis of Preparation**

**2.01 Statement of Compliance :**

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act 1994 and other relevant local laws and regulations, and in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and International Accounting Standards (IASs) as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB).

These financial statements are of VIP Accessories BD Private Limited as at and for the period ended 31 March 2024. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and International Accounting Standard (IAS), the Companies Act 1994 and other applicable laws in Bangladesh.

The format and title of these financial statements follow the requirements of IFRSs which are to some extent different from the requirements of the Companies Act 1994. However such differences are not material and in the view of management it gives better presentation to the shareholders.

Being the general purpose financial statements, the presentation of these financial statements is in accordance with the guidelines provided by IAS 1: "Presentation of Financial Statements". A complete set of financial statements comprise:

- a. Statement of Financial Position
- b. Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income
- c. Statement of Changes in Equity
- d. Statement of Cash Flows
- e. Notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements

**2.02 Basis of Measurement :**

The Company prepares its financial statements, except for cash flow information, using the accrual basis of accounting. When the accrual basis of accounting is used, an entity recognizes items as assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses (the elements of financial statements) when they satisfy the definitions and recognition criteria for those elements in the Framework.

**2.03 Functional and presentational currency :**

Items included in these financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ('the functional currency'). These financial statements are presented in Bangladesh Taka ("BDT") which is also the functional currency of the company. The amounts in these financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest BDT except otherwise indicated. As a result of these rounding off, in some instances the totals may not match the sum of individual balances.

#### **2.04 Going Concern :**

When preparing financial statements, management made an assessment of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company prepared its financial statements on a going concern basis. As per the requirement of Para 25 of IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements, the Management of the Company assessed if there were any conditions or events existed that might cause significant doubt on Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on these assessments, Management concluded that there were no such significant conditions or events that Management knew existed at the time we made the assessment.

#### **2.05 Materiality and aggregation**

The Company presents separately each material class of similar items and items of a dissimilar nature or function unless they are immaterial. Financial statements result from processing large numbers of transactions or other events that are aggregated into classes according to their nature or function.

#### **2.06 Offsetting**

The Company does not offset assets and liabilities or income and expenses, unless required or permitted by an IFRS.

#### **2.07 Use of estimates and judgments**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected as required by IAS 8: Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

#### **2.08 Reporting Period:**

These financial statements have been prepared for the period from April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024.

#### **2.09 Date of Authorization**

The Board of Directors has Authorized these Financial Statements on **06 May 2024**

#### **3.00 Significant Accounting Policies :**

Accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements. Comparative information has been rearranged wherever considered necessary to conform to the current period's presentation.

#### **3.01 Foreign currency translation**

##### **i. Foreign currency**

Items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates, ie. the functional currency. The financial statements of the company are presented in Taka which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

##### **ii. Foreign currencies translation gains and losses**

Foreign currencies are translated into Taka at the rates ruling on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates prevailing at the date of the statement of financial position. Differences arising on conversion are charged or credited to the statement of comprehensive income.

#### **3.02 Property, Plant and Equipment :**

##### **i) Recognition and measurement**

Items of fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use as per International Accounting Standard (IAS) 16 "Property, Plant and Equipments".

### ii). Subsequent Cost

Subsequent costs is capitalized only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the costs will flow to the entity. Ongoing repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

### iii) Depreciation

During the current Financial year, the Company has provided depreciation under Straight Line method. Accordingly, Depreciation on all property plant & equipment except land is provided on Straight Line method so as to write off the assets over their expected useful life. Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment has been charged on acquisition of Property, Plant & Equipment when it is available for use. Asset category wise annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Items	Rates
Building	5.00%
Furniture	10.00%
Plant and Machinery	20.00%
Air Conditioning equipments	20.00%
Motor Vehicle	20.00%
Computer and Software	30.00%

### Derecognition:

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

## 3.03 Intangible assets

### Recognition & measurement:

- i. An intangible asset is recognized if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably.
- ii. Software represents the value of computer application software licensed for the use of the company. Intangible assets are carried at its cost, less accumulated amortization, and impairment loss (if any).
- iii. Initial cost comprises license fees paid at the time of purchase and other directly attributable expenditures that are incurred in customizing the software for its intended use.
- iv. Expenditure incurred on software is capitalized only when it enhances and extends the economic benefits of computer software beyond their original specifications and lives and such cost is recognized as capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software.

## 3.04 Employee Benefits

### i) Provident Fund

The Company has introduced a Contributory Provident Fund for its eligible employees with effect from November 2019, obtaining necessary approval from the National Board of Revenue, Government of Bangladesh. Provident Fund is administered by a Board of Trustees. All confirmed employees are contributing 8.33% of their basic salary as subscription of the fund and the Company also contributed at the same rate to the fund. The contributions are invested in compliance with the PF Trust Deed. Members are eligible to withdraw fund as per the BEPZA provident Fund policy 2012.

## 3.05 Convertible Preference Share

As per Para-18 (a) of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 32, "A preference share that provides for redemption by the subscriber for a fixed or determinable amount at a fixed or determinable future date, or gives the holder the right to require the issuer to redeem the instrument at or after a particular date for a fixed or determinable amount, is a financial liability".

### **3.06 Borrowing Cost**

As per Para-36 of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 32, “Dividend payments on shares wholly recognized as liabilities are recognized as expenses in the same way as interest on a bond”. The dividend on Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares are recognized in income statement as interest expense.

### **3.07 Impairment :**

The carrying amounts of the assets, other than inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. Impairment losses, if any, are recognized in Profit and Loss account.

### **3.08 Inventories**

Inventories include raw material, work-in-progress and finished goods.

Inventories are valued in accordance with IAS 2: “Inventories” i.e. at cost or estimated net realizable value whichever is lower. The cost of inventories includes expenditure for acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing location and condition. Net realizable value is estimated upon selling price in the ordinary course of the business less estimated cost of completion of considering the selling. When the inventories are used, the carrying amount of those inventories are recognized in the year in which the related revenue is recognized.

### **3.09 Trade Receivable**

Trade Receivables at the Balance Sheet date are stated at amounts which are considered realizable.

### **3.10 Trade Payable**

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in future for goods and services received.

### **3.11 Accruals, provisions and contingencies**

#### **Accruals**

Accruals are liabilities to pay for goods or services that have been received or supplied but have not been paid, invoiced or formally agreed with the supplier, including amounts due to employees. Accruals are reported as part of trade and other payables.

#### **Provisions**

A provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provision is ordinarily measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. Where the company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the income statement net of any reimbursement.

#### **Contingencies**

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company; or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company. Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position of the company.

### 3.12 Revenue recognition

#### i. Sales revenue

In accordance with the provisions of the IFRS 15: "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"; revenue from contracts with customers represents the amount that reflects the considerations to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for goods supplied and service provided to customers during the year. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the performance obligation (supply of promised goods and services) is satisfied. The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the customer obtains the control of goods and services. Revenue of freight from the Vessels is recognized at the invoice date.

#### ii. Other Comprehensive Income

Revenues, expenses, gains and losses appear in other comprehensive income when they have not yet been realized. It is particularly valuable for understanding ongoing changes in the fair value of a company's assets.

### 3.13 Events after balance sheet date

All material events occurring after the reporting date are considered and where necessary, adjusted for, or disclosed. The final dividend is recognized when it is approved by the shareholders.

Dividend payable to the company's shareholders is recognized as a liability and deducted from the shareholders' equity in the period in which the shareholders' right to receive payment is established.

### 3.14 Taxation

The Manufacturing factory is based in Mongla Export Processing Zone (MEPZ) under BEPZA. As per the provisions of S.R.O. No. 219/2012 dated June 27, 2012, the income of the Factory is exempted from tax 100% for the first three years, 50% for next three years and 25% in the seventh year from the date of commencement of commercial production i.e. from 16 Th July, 2019. As per SRO and relevant provisions of Income Tax Act 2023, adequate tax provision has to be made on the profit after expiry of 100% exemption period of three years.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are the amount of income taxes payable in future periods in respect of taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are the amount of income taxes recoverable in future periods in respect of deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of timing differences arising between the carrying values of assets, liabilities, income, and expenditure and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date. The impact on the account of changes in the deferred tax assets and liabilities has also been recognized in the statement of comprehensive income as per IAS-12: "Income Taxes".

### 3.15 Cash Flow

The cash flow forming a part of Financial Statement has been prepared under Direct method as per IAS 7.

### 3.16 IFRS 16 "Leases"

IFRS 16 Leases, defines a lease as "A contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration". In order for such a contract to exist the user of the asset needs to have the right to:

'- Obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of asset (Identifiable asset)

'- The right to direct the use of asset

As per the new standard, from lessee's perspective, almost all leases being recognized on the balance sheet, the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Upon lease commencement a lessee recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a lease liability. The ROU asset is initially measured at the amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee. Adjustments may also be required for lease incentives, payments at or prior to commencement and restoration obligations or similar.

The impact of the new standard on lessees' financial statements are:

'- An increase in recognized assets and liabilities

'- More lease expenses recognized in early periods of lease, and less in the later periods of a lease

'- A shift in lease expense classification from rental expenses to interest expense and depreciation.

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 from 1st April 2019 as proposed by IASB. In Bangladesh Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB) adopted IFRS 16 with same effective date. As there is no other alternative regulation or guidance regarding the same, So the company has adopted IFRS 16 from the same date in preparing financial statements.

### **3.17 Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic**

Since the beginning of 2020, there has been a vast outbreak of the COVID-19 virus worldwide and this soon turned into a pandemic scenario. Countries around the world started to impose lockdown to curb the virus spread. During late March'20, the Government of Bangladesh also enforced a country-wise lockdown to contain the virus infection and the lockdown continued until 30 May 2020. Amid this pandemic situation, almost all economic and business activities came to standstill during the lockdown period. VIP Industries Bangladesh Pvt Ltd was not an exception to this scenario and we conducted very limited business operations complying with lockdown measures from April'20 to May'20. Since June'20, after the gradual lifting of lockdown, Comapny started to turn its business operations back to normal. Management continuously monitored the situation and took necessary measures to cultivate resilient processes to combat the situation. While preparing these financial statements, management assessed that COVID-19 did not cast any doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

### **3.18 Tax Liability Shown in Separately**

The tax liability was shown last financial year as net figure after adjustment with advance tax and the provision for income tax. In this Financial year the management decided to show the gross tax in this financial statement that is the actual position for the income tax as it is disclosed accordinly. Based on this arrangements, provision for income tax and advance tax have been rearranged.

		Amount in Taka	
		31 MAR 2024	31 March 2023
<b>4.00</b>	<b>Property, plant and equipment:</b>		
	Building-Factory	29,597,536	29,559,928
	Plant and Machinery	18,521,783	22,237,556
	Vehicle	531,271	664,088
	Data Process. Machine	145,942	5
	Furniture & Fixtures	1,199,151	725,213
	Office Equipments	420,901	415,351
		<b>50,416,584</b>	<b>53,602,142</b>
	For details refer Annexure-A		
<b>5.00</b>	<b>Right of Use Asset</b>		
	Right of Use Asset	5,842,297	6,051,879
		<b>5,842,297</b>	<b>6,051,879</b>
	For details refer Annexure-A		
<b>6.00</b>	<b>Long term advances and deposits</b>		
	<b>Non-current portion</b>		
	Security Deposit	6,265,272	5,373,822
		<b>6,265,272</b>	<b>5,373,823</b>
<b>7.00</b>	<b>Advance Income Tax</b>		
	Advance Income Tax	9,559,538	3,453,377
		<b>9,559,538</b>	<b>3,453,377</b>
<b>8.00</b>	<b>Inventories</b>		
	Raw Materials	34,097,334	28,477,316
	Work-in-progress	1,233,142	2,484,049
	Finished goods	1,012,877	4,542,181
		<b>36,343,353</b>	<b>35,503,546</b>
<b>9.00</b>	<b>Trade receivables</b>		
	VIP Industries Bangladesh Pvt Ltd	-	8,991,144
	VIP Industries BD Manufacturing Pvt Ltd	86,505,399	51,002,909
	VIP Luggage BD Pvt Ltd	79,334,030	23,592,895
		<b>165,839,429</b>	<b>83,586,948</b>
<b>10.00</b>	<b>Short term advances and prepayments</b>		
<b>10.01</b>	<b>Advances (considered good) to:</b>		
	Suppliers	5,243,187	10,489,174
		<b>5,243,187</b>	<b>10,489,174</b>
<b>10.02</b>	<b>Prepayments</b>		
	Prepaid insurance and expenses	1,265,424	950,378
		<b>1,265,424</b>	<b>950,378</b>
		<b>6,508,611</b>	<b>11,439,552</b>



		Amount in Taka	
		31 MAR 2024	31 March 2023
<b>11.00</b>	<b>Cash and bank balances</b>		
	Cash in hand	4,880	42,553
	<b>Balances with Bank</b>		
	<b>Current Account</b>		
	Eastern Bank USD	-	231,196
	City Bank USD	111,873	358,795
	City Bank BDT	557,500	237,615
	Eastern Bank BDT	-	2,939
	Trust Bank	626,855	175,320
	Al-Alarafa Bank	892,176	661,893
		<b>2,188,404</b>	<b>1,667,758</b>
		<b>2,193,284</b>	<b>1,710,311</b>
<b>12.00</b>	<b>Share capital</b>		
	<b>Authorized Capital:</b>		
	3,000,000 Equity Shares of Taka 10/- each	30,000,000	30,000,000
	19,000,000 8% Convertible Preference Shares of Taka 10/- each	190,000,000	190,000,000
		<b>220,000,000</b>	<b>220,000,000</b>
	<b>Issued, subscribed and paid up capital:</b>		
	11,585 Equity Shares of Taka 10/- each	115,850	115,850
		<b>115,850</b>	<b>115,850</b>
	<b>The aforesaid capital was subscribed as under:</b>		
	<b>Subscribers:</b>	<b>No. of shares</b>	<b>No. of shares</b>
	<b>Equity Share</b>		
	VIP Industries Limited, India	11,584	11,584
	Mr. Dilip G. Piramal	1	1
		<b>11,585</b>	<b>11,585</b>
	The Company was incorporated with an Authorized Capital of BDT 200,000,000 divided into 1,000,000 Ordinary Shares of BDT10/- each. And 19,000,000 8% Convertible Preference Shares of BDT 10/- each.		
	Through another Special Resolution dated January 11, 2021, the amount of Ordinary Shares were increased by addition of Taka 2,00,00,000 divided into 20,00,000 8% Convertible Preference Shares of Taka 10.00 each and accordingly the total amount of Authorized Capital raised to Tk: 30,00,000 divided into (a) 30,00,000 Ordinary Shares of Taka 10.00 each and (b) 19,00,000 Convertible Preference Shares of Taka 10.00 each.		
	According to IAS-32 the above Convertible Preference Shares which having redemption right has been shown under Borrowings.		
<b>13.00</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>		
	Opening Balance	38,547,193	55,366,392
	Add: Net Profit/(loss) after tax transferred from statement of Profit & Loss	78,695,238	28,915,326
	Add: Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings-Remeasurements of post-employment benefits obligation	370,013	605,475
	Less : Dividend	-	46,340,000
	Closing Balance	<b>117,612,444</b>	<b>38,547,193</b>

		Amount in Taka	
		31 MAR 2024	31 March 2023
<b>14.00</b>	<b>Convertible preference shares</b>		
	1,675,000 8% Convertible Preference Shares of Taka 10 only	16,750,000	16,750,000
		<u>16,750,000</u>	<u>16,750,000</u>
	The company has issued Convertible Preference Share amounting to Taka 1,6750,000 which will be redeemed within 10 years from the date of allotment that meet the criteria of financial liability. For that reason Convertible Preference Shares are considered as borrowing.		
<b>15.00</b>	<b>Lease liability</b>		
	Long Term	5,265,370	5,318,727
		<u>5,265,370</u>	<u>5,318,727</u>
<b>16.00</b>	<b>Deffered tax liabilities</b>		
	Deffered tax liabilities (Net)	131,931	572,438
		<u>131,931</u>	<u>572,438</u>
<b>17.00</b>	<b>Lease liability</b>		
	Short Term Lease	468,456	468,456
		<u>468,456</u>	<u>468,456</u>
<b>18.00</b>	<b>Short term loan</b>		
	Short term loan	102,321,619	58,142,701
		<u>102,321,619</u>	<u>58,142,701</u>
<b>19.00</b>	<b>Trade Payables</b>		
	Trade Payable for goods	12,517,050	43,025,371
		<u>12,517,050</u>	<u>43,025,371</u>
<b>20.00</b>	<b>Other Payables</b>		
	Provision for expenses	11,841,127	7,527,603
	Service Benefit & Leave Benefit Payable	1,979,362	1,472,904
	Dividend on convertible preference shares	1,340,000	1,340,000
	Interim Dividend Payable	-	23,170,000
	Gurantee Commission Payable	931,722	995,634
	Statutory liabilities	215,182	218,745
		<u>16,307,392</u>	<u>34,724,887</u>
<b>21.00</b>	<b>Current Tax Liabilites (Net)</b>		
	Provision for Tax	16,020,047	3,055,957
		<u>16,020,047</u>	<u>3,055,957</u>

	Amount in Taka	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2022
<b>22.00 Cost of revenue</b>		
Raw Material Consumed (Note 22.01)	219,540,838	263,954,884
Salary & Wages	24,781,210	19,340,168
Manufacturing Overheads (Note 22.02)	17,698,791	17,239,025
	<u>262,020,840</u>	<u>300,534,077</u>
Add: Opening Work-in-Progress	2,484,049	97
	<u>264,504,888</u>	<u>300,534,174</u>
Less: Closing Work-in-Progress	1,233,142	2,484,049
<b>Cost of Goods Manufactured</b>	<u>263,271,746</u>	<u>298,050,126</u>
Add: Opening Stock of Finished Goods	4,542,181	3,541,894
Cost of Goods Available For Sale	<u>267,813,927</u>	<u>301,592,020</u>
Less: Closing Stock of Finished Goods	1,012,877	4,542,181
<b>Cost of revenue</b>	<u><u>266,801,051</u></u>	<u><u>297,049,838</u></u>
Salary & Wages [includes Provident Fund BDT 6,10,387.00 Mar-24, Previous year BDT 3,96,576.00 Mar-23]		
<b>22.01 Raw Material Consumed</b>		
Opening Inventory - Raw Materials & Packing Materials	28,477,316	31,489,532
Purchases During the Period	225,160,856	260,942,668
Closing Inventory - Raw Materials & Packing Materials	34,097,334	28,477,316
	<u><u>219,540,838</u></u>	<u><u>263,954,884</u></u>
<b>22.02 Manufacturing Overheads</b>		
Rates & Taxes	1,858,170	-
Power & Water	5,658,992	5,222,610
Other Repair & Maintenance	380,331	306,368
Consumption of Stores and spare parts	5,607	2,827,784
Insurance	406,074	455,355
Leased Rent	137,545	2,256,797
Depreciation-Lease Assets	194,004	194,004
Depreciation	9,058,069	5,976,108
	<u><u>17,698,791</u></u>	<u><u>17,239,025</u></u>
<b>23.00 Administrative Expenses</b>		
Travelling Expenses	30,778	48,646
Legal & Professional Charges	759,776	799,250
Administrative Cost- Annexure-B	129,709	139,180
Administrative salaries	846,793	1,032,041
Other administrative Cost- Annexure-C	5,180,436	4,679,629
	<u><u>6,947,492</u></u>	<u><u>6,698,746</u></u>
Administrative Salary March-24 [includes Provident BDT 31,722.00 , Mar-23 is 43,983.00 ]		
<b>24.00 Selling and distribution expenses</b>		
Selling Expenses -Annexure-D	3,960,988	3,701,354
	<u><u>3,960,988</u></u>	<u><u>3,701,354</u></u>
<b>25.00 Interest on Finance Lease</b>		
Interest on Finance Lease	457,639	461,729
	<u><u>457,639</u></u>	<u><u>461,729</u></u>
<b>26.00 Finance Cost</b>		
Interest On Loan	7,761,290	5,745,052
Dividend on convertible preference shares	1,340,000	1,340,000
	<u><u>9,101,290</u></u>	<u><u>7,085,052</u></u>

	Amount in Taka	
	<u>31 March 2024</u>	<u>31 March 2022</u>
<b>27.00 Other Income</b>		
Scrap Sales	2,719,250	-
Interest Received of Security Deposit	4,243	3,906
Net loss or gain foreign currency transactions and translation	1,132,518	(1,148,512)
	<u><b>3,856,011</b></u>	<u><b>(1,144,606)</b></u>

**28.00 Related parties**

Name of the related	Relationship	Nature of transactions	Transaction Amount	Balance (Taka)	
				as at	as at
				31 March 2024	31 March 2023
VIP Industries LTD	Parent Company	Equity share capital	-	115,850	115,850
		Convertible preference share	-	16,750,000	16,750,000
		Dividend on Convertible Preference Share	1,340,000	1,340,000	1,340,000
		Interim Dividend-Equity Shares	-	-	23,170,000
		Guarantee commission	2,327,447	931,722	995,634
VIP Industries Bangladesh Pvt LTD	Associate Company	Sale of goods	-	-	8,991,144
VIP Industries BD Manufacturing Pvt LTD	Associate Company	Sale of goods	153,631,759	86,505,399	51,002,909
VIP Luggage BD Pvt LTD	Associate Company	Sale of goods	221,055,713	79,334,030	23,592,895

VIP Accessories BD Private Limited is a Subsidiary of VIP Industries Ltd. Major products of VIP Accessories BD Private Limited are exported to VIP Industries Bangladesh Pvt Ltd, VIP Industries BD Manufacturing Pvt Ltd, VIP Luggage BD Pvt Ltd. Product pricing is market driven due to highly competitive. As VIP Accessories BD Private Limited is in the initial years of its operations and has yet to establish its niche, product pricing is being done keeping in mind pricing of available products with similar features/looks.

**29.00 Contingent liability**

There was no contingent liability at the end of the year.

**30.00 Number of Employees**

The number of employees engaged as on 31 March ,2024, who received a total remuneration of Tk. 3,000 per month or above was 75 Persons.

**31.00 Exchange Gain/(Loss)**

This represents gain/(loss) arising from translation of foreign currency into local currency as other income in statement of comprehensive income.

**32.00 General**

Figures are rounded off to nearest Taka.

Previous year figures have been rearranged, wherever necessary, to confirm to current period's presentation.



Director



Director

**VIP Accessories BD Private Limited**  
**Schedule of Property, plant and Equipment**  
**As at March 31, 2024**

**Amount in Taka**

Particulars	COST					DEPRECIATION/ AMORTISATION				NET BOOK VALUE	
	As at 01 April 2023	Additions	Deductions / Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2024	Rate	As at 01 April 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at Mar 31, 2023
<b>Tangible Assets:</b>											
Building-Factory	30,463,608	1,723,360	-	32,186,968	5%	903,680	1,685,751	-	2,589,431	29,597,536	29,559,928
Plant and Machinery	32,738,131	3,314,983	-	36,053,115	10%	10,500,575	7,030,757	-	17,531,332	18,521,783	22,237,556
Vehicle	1,037,638	-	-	1,037,638	20%	373,550	132,818	-	506,367	531,271	664,088
Data Process. Machine	133,408	169,230	-	302,637	20%	133,403	23,293	-	156,696	145,942	5
Furniture & Fixtures	998,810	596,729	-	1,595,538	20%	273,596	122,791	-	396,387	1,199,151	725,213
Office Equipments	503,963	68,209	-	572,172	20%	88,612	62,659	-	151,271	420,901	415,351
<b>Total Tangible Assets</b>	<b>65,875,557</b>	<b>5,872,511</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>71,748,068</b>		<b>12,273,415</b>	<b>9,058,069</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>21,331,484</b>	<b>50,416,584</b>	<b>53,602,142</b>
<b>Right of use Asset</b>											
Right of use Asset	18,860,230	-	-	18,860,230		12,808,351	194,004	-	13,002,355	5,857,875	6,051,879
<b>Total right of use asset</b>	<b>18,860,230</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>18,860,230</b>		<b>12,808,351</b>	<b>194,004</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>13,002,355</b>	<b>5,857,875</b>	<b>6,051,879</b>

**VIP Accessories BD Private Limited**  
**Schedule of Property, plant and Equipment**  
**As at March 31, 2023**

**Amount in Taka**

Particulars	COST					DEPRECIATION/ AMORTISATION				NET BOOK VALUE	
	As at 01 April 2022	Additions	Deductions / Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2023	Rate	As at 01 April 2022	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2023	As at Mar 31, 2023	As at Mar 31, 2022
<b>Tangible Assets:</b>											
Building-Factory	12,035,905	18,427,703	-	30,463,608	5%	82,949	820,731	-	903,680	29,559,928	11,952,956
Plant and Machinery	14,756,471	17,981,660	-	32,738,131	10%	5,661,162	4,839,413	-	10,500,575	22,237,556	9,095,310
Vehicle	1,037,638	-	-	1,037,638	20%	207,528	166,022	-	373,550	664,088	830,110
Data Process. Machine	133,408	-	-	133,408	20%	98,313	35,090	-	133,403	5	35,095
Furniture & Fixtures	825,445	173,365	-	998,810	20%	195,073	78,523	-	273,596	725,213	630,371
Office Equipments	203,113	300,851	-	503,963	20%	52,283	36,328	-	88,612	415,351	150,829
<b>Total Tangible Assets</b>	<b>28,991,979</b>	<b>36,883,578</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>65,875,557</b>		<b>6,297,308</b>	<b>5,976,108</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12,273,415</b>	<b>53,602,142</b>	<b>22,694,671</b>
<b>Right of use Asset</b>											
Right of use Asset	18,875,766	(15,536)	-	18,860,230		12,614,347	194,004	-	12,808,351	6,051,879	6,261,419
<b>Total right of use asset</b>	<b>18,875,766</b>	<b>(15,536)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>18,860,230</b>		<b>12,614,347</b>	<b>194,004</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12,808,351</b>	<b>6,051,879</b>	<b>6,261,419</b>

	Amount in Taka	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Administrative Cost (Annexure-B)</b>		
Officer Residence	-	-
Printing & Stationery General	112,459	124,510
Motor Car Fuel	17,250	14,670
<b>Total</b>	<b>129,709</b>	<b>139,180</b>
<b>Other administrative Cost (Annexure-C)</b>		
Courier Expenses	2,560	5,375
Internet Expenses	-	-
Telep Exp - Office	25,041	23,640
Lic, Regis, Stmp & Fee	66,924	53,576
Security Expenses	710,484	431,490
Hse Keep/Garden Exp	495,019	352,774
Recruitment Exp	22,600	-
Donation	100,949	-
Bank Chg & Comm	1,070,707	1,489,783
Gurantee Commission	2,686,151	2,322,991
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,180,436</b>	<b>4,679,629</b>
<b>Selling Expenses (Annexure-D)</b>		
Freight on Exports	118,500	371,906
Export Expenses	293,821	35,621
C & F Charges	-	72,645
Clrg chgs on Exports	3,548,667	3,221,182
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,960,988</b>	<b>3,701,354</b>